

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE HIGH-DOLLAR REPORT

As required by Section 3 (f) of Executive Order 13520 and according to the guidelines specified in section D of Part III to Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-123, Appendix C, the U.S. Department of Labor (Department) has identified in the attached report the number of individuals who received high-dollar overpayments of Unemployment Insurance (UI) benefits during the first quarter (October to December) of Fiscal Year (FY) 2018.

According to section D(4) of Part III to OMB Circular A-123, Appendix C:

“Agencies with programs susceptible to significant improper payments under the [Improper Payment Information Act of 2002] IPIA are required to report quarterly on high-dollar overpayments that occurred within those specific programs.”

On October 20, 2014, as part of revised guidance to OMB Circular A-123, Appendix C, OMB issued revised guidance for improper payments reporting, specifying new criteria for high-dollar overpayments to individuals. Overpayments to individuals that are at least 50 percent higher than the proper payment and over \$25,000 must be reported.

State UI agencies' Benefit Payment Control (BPC) units are responsible for identifying and recovering UI overpayments. The number of high-dollar overpayments identified by state BPC operations is reported on the Employment and Training Administration (ETA) 227 - Overpayment Detection and Recovery Activities report. Reporting instructions for the ETA 227 report, which are included in UI Program Letter No. 8-12, Change 1 (July 27, 2015), define fraud and non-fraud high-dollar overpayments as:

“...when total overpayments to an individual on a claim exceeds \$25,000. Overpayments may be a single overpayment or multiple overpayments established during or prior to the reporting quarter...”

For the first quarter of FY 2018, a total of 51 state workforce agencies submitted high-dollar data on the ETA 227 report. Two workforce agencies failed to submit the ETA 227 report in its entirety¹. Although the ETA 227 report is due on the first day of the second month following the report period, states frequently send the reports late or submit corrections after the due date. For this reason, the Department allows an additional sixty day grace period after the due date, to ensure that the most accurate data is used in calculating high-dollar overpayments.

For those states that are not currently reporting high-dollar data on the ETA 227, we will continue to provide sample counts from the Benefit Accuracy Measurement (BAM) survey. BAM is a statistical survey of paid and denied UI claims and collects information on high-dollar overpayments. State BAM investigators are required to complete 95 percent of their sample cases within 90 days of selection. Effective with UI Program Letter No. 11-15 (February 26,

¹ For first quarter of FY 2018 New Jersey and South Carolina did not submit the ETA 227 report. Currently the National Office reports states that have not submitted their ETA 227 report as having a zero high dollar amount.

2015), states must also complete 98 percent of their cases sampled between July 1 and June 30 (the reporting period for UI integrity data published in the Department's Agency Financial Report) by October 28th. Therefore, high-dollar data will be reported according to the following schedule.

Reporting Quarter	BAM Audit Completion Date	High-Dollar Report Completed By
January - March	June 30	July 31
April - June	October 28	November 30
July - September	December 31	January 31
October - December	March 31	April 30

During the October to December 2017 reporting period, BAM completed audits for 5,785 paid claims. BAM data are available only at the state level of reporting. BAM covers the three largest permanently authorized unemployment compensation programs: State UI, Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE), and Unemployment Compensation for Ex-Service members (UCX). Although overpayments for all of these programs, including high-dollar overpayments, are included in the population from which BAM samples are drawn, BAM surveys only a small percentage of total UI paid claims. Therefore, the number of UI benefit recipients with high-dollar overpayments identified through BAM is significantly less than the number of high-dollar overpayments in the population.

In response to the level of improper payments, the Department has aggressively addressed the issue by developing a multifaceted Integrity Strategic Plan. Some of the initiatives target specific root causes, while others support a broader effort to reduce improper payments. Our goal is to reduce the improper payment rate below the 10 percent criterion in the Improper Payments Elimination and Recovery Act of 2010. These core strategies to reduce improper payments are described in: <http://www.dol.gov/dol/maps/Strategies.htm>.

Detailed data on state improper payments and state status reports on progress in implementing the Department's integrity initiatives can be found at: <http://www.dol.gov/dol/maps/map-ipia.htm>.

The UI High-Dollar Overpayment Report for October to December 2017 is attached. Previous UI High-Dollar reports are posted on the Office of Unemployment Insurance Payment Accuracy Web page (https://oui.doleta.gov/unemploy/improp_pay.asp).

ASSOCIATED DATA FOR THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE HIGH DOLLAR REPORT

REPORTING QUARTER: FY 2018 QUARTER 1

States Reporting at the \$25,000 Threshold

ST	State UI UCFE/UCX Cases	State UI UCFE/UCX Amount	EB Cases	EB Amount	Total High Dollar Cases	Total High Dollar Amount
AK	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
AL	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
AR	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
CA	1	\$27,598	0	\$0	1	\$27,598
CO	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
CT	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
DC	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
DE	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
FL	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
GA	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
HI	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
ID	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
IA	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
IL	1	\$26,462	0	\$0	1	\$26,462
IN	3	\$86,076	0	\$0	3	\$86,076
KS	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
KY	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
LA	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
MA	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
MD	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
ME	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
MI	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
MN	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
MO	2	\$42,880	0	\$0	2	\$42,880
MS	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
MT	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
NC	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
ND	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
NE	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
NH	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
* NJ	N/R	\$N/R	N/R	\$N/R	N/R	\$N/R
NM	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
NV	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
NY	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
OH	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
OR	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
PA	6	\$166,891	0	\$0	6	\$166,891
PR	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
RI	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0

*State workforce agency did not submit the ETA 227 report. The National Office reports states not submitting their ETA 227 as N/R (not reporting) and are assigned a value of zero for their high dollar amount.

**ASSOCIATED DATA FOR THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE HIGH DOLLAR REPORT
REPORTING QUARTER: FY 2018 QUARTER 1**

States Reporting At The \$25,000 Threshold (Continued)

ST	State UI UCFE/UCX Cases	State UI UCFE/UCX Amount	EB Cases	EB Amount	Total High Dollar Cases	Total High Dollar Amount	
*	SC	N/R	\$N/R	N/R	\$N/R	N/R	\$N/R
	SD	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
	TN	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
	TX	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
	UT	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
	VA	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
	VI	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
	VT	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
	WA	5	\$170,333	0	\$0	0	\$170,333
	WI	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
	WV	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
	WY	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
	US	18	\$520,240	0	\$0	18	\$520,240

**States Not Reporting High Dollar Cases on the 227
BAM Unemployment Insurance High Dollar Report
Reporting Quarter: FY 2018 Quarter 1
Reported at the \$25,000 Level**

ST	BAM Cases	BAM Amount OP
AZ	0	\$0
OK	0	\$0
US	0	\$0

Source: ETA 227 Report, BAM
Prepared by OUI Division
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*State workforce agency did not submit the ETA 227 report. The National Office reports states not submitting their ETA 227 as N/R (not reporting) and are assigned a value of zero for their high dollar amount.