In the 2nd quarter of 2019, the number of UI nonmonetary determinations decreased 3.9% from the previous quarter. The number of separation determinations increased by 2.1% and the number of nonseparation determinations decreased to 9.1%.
In the 2nd quarter of 2019, 47.7% of the determinations involving separation issues resulted in a denial of UI benefits, and 52.3% of the determinations concluded that the claimant was eligible for benefits. This ratio is very similar to previous quarters.

In the 2nd quarter of 2019, 85.4% of the determinations involving nonseparation issues resulted in a denial of UI benefits, while the claimant was found to be eligible for benefits in only 14.6% of nonseparation determinations.
In the 2nd quarter of 2019, 67% of the determinations involving separation issues were due to a discharge, 32% due to a voluntary leave, and 1% due to other reasons.

In the 2nd quarter of 2019, 76.9% of the determinations where the claimant voluntarily left the job resulted in a denial of eligibility, while states issued denials for only 34.2% of the determinations where the claimant was discharged from the job.
In the 2\textsuperscript{nd} quarter of 2019, the largest category of nonseparation determinations (34.3\%) involved the claimant’s ability to work, availability for work, and compliance with the state’s active work search requirements. The second largest category (31.4\%) related to reporting requirement call-ins and other.

In the 2\textsuperscript{nd} quarter of 2019, the category of nonseparation determinations with the highest denial rate was “Disqualifying/Deductible Income” with 100\%, followed by “Reporting Requirement Call-ins and Other” with 91.1\%, and “Other (Aliens, Athlete School)” with 85.9\%.

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